

the Conditions for Collective Success

Beverly Kingston, Mary Sue Hansen, Barb Zandlo Hutchinson

Collective Impact



John Kania & Mark Kramer:

"Large-scale social change requires broad cross-sector coordination, yet the social sector remains focused on the isolated intervention of individual organizations."

Stanford Social Innovation Review, Winter 2011; Copyright © 2011 by Leland Stanford Jr. University

"Fundamental Mismatch"



"Isolated Impact"

- Individual grantees selected by funders
- Grantees compete and work separately
- Evaluation isolates impact of each grantee
- Large scale change is dependent on going to scale in a single organization

"Collective Impact"

- Recognizes need to fund efforts to change entire systems, social change
- Recognizes need to create and sustain collective, adaptive processes
- Recognizes need to increase the capacity of an entire field

Collective Impact



John Kania & Mark Kramer:

"Collective impact initiatives provide a structure for cross-sector leaders to forge a common agenda for solving a specific social problem"

Adams County, CO



- Located to the northeast of Denver, CO
- ~500,000 residents; 105,037 children and youth
- ~1 in 5 children (20,000) live in poverty
- 55% Hispanic; 37% White; 8% Other
- 122 schools
- 5 school districts
- 8 law enforcement agencies
- 7 cities + 2 unincorporated communities

Suburban Ramsey County, MN



- Located northeast of Minneapolis, MN
- ~ 500,000residents; 35,000 students in the school district Consortia
- ~ 34% in children/youth on F/R Lunch
- 12% Asian/Pacific Islander; 11% Black;
 6% Hispanic; 1% American Indian
- 4 school districts-57 schools
- 8 law enforcement agencies
- 17 cities in two counties
- 150 partners involved in SS/HS



1. A Common Agenda

"All participants have a shared vision for change, a common understanding of the problem, and a joint approach to solving it through agreed upon actions"



2. Shared Measurement

"Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable"



3. Mutually reinforcing activities

"Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action"



4. Continuous communication

"Consistent and open communication is needed across the many players to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and appreciate common motivation"



5. Backbone organization

"Creating and managing collective impact requires a separate organization with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and coordinate participating organizations"

Stanford Social Innovation Review, Winter 2011; Copyright © 2011 by Leland Stanford Jr. University

"Future Shock"...



"If successful...the spread
of a new approach...will enable us
to solve today's most serious
social problems with the resources
we already have at our disposal."
John Kania & Mark Kramer

For more information...



Collective Impact by John Kania & Mark Kramer http://www.ssireview.org/pdf/2011_WI_Feature_Kania.pdf

Beverly Kingston: <u>Beverly.Kingston@adams12.org</u>

Mary Sue Hansen: <u>MARYSUE.HANSEN@isd623.org</u>

Barb Zandlo Hutchinson: <u>bhutchinson@edc.org</u>

Stanford Social Innovation Review, Winter 2011; Copyright © 2011 by Leland Stanford Jr. University