

Building a System that Helps Pediatric Providers Connect Families to Services

Joanna Bogin, MS
Program Manager
Help Me Grow National
Connecticut Children's Medical Center
Hartford, Connecticut

May 17, 2012



Strategies for Clinical Practice

- Practice-wide Systems Change Strategies (internal)
 - Routine, systematic developmental surveillance, screening and anticipatory guidance
 - A referral/linkage point person and follow up system (e.g. care coordinator)
 - Enhanced staffing (e.g. behavioral health provider)

- Service Provider Partnership Strategies (internal)
 - Co-location of services
 - Co-management of children
 - Networking and information sharing



Beyond Clinical Practice

- We know that child health providers are often overloaded and do not have the time to find and connect families to services and resources.
- Many families feel confused and at times hopeless when trying to connect to services
- While many community-based resources exist finding them is a challenge
- And even when a service is found there are often barriers to successful connecting-- waiting lists, geography, insurance



Strategies Beyond Clinical Practice

- Community-Wide Systems Change (External)
 - Centralized referral/linkage resources
 - Enhancement and intervention services for at-risk children
 - Promotion and prevention resources for typically developing children and their families
 - Secondary or mid-level assessment services
- Community Connectivity (External)
 - Opportunity Knocks, Middletown, CT
 - Iowa First Five
 - Help Me Grow



Examples of Community Connectivity

- Opportunity Knocks, Middletown, CT
 - Coalition: School-Community Partnership, local health, social service, early childhood and families
 - Long term goal: avoiding school expulsion
 - Child health providers work to ensure all children are screened for developmental issues at well child visits and their families receive screening for maternal depression and domestic violence

Examples of Community Connectivity

- 1st FIVE Iowa—Healthy Mental Development
 - Builds partnerships between physician practices and public service providers to enhance well child care
 - Promotes use of standardized developmental surveillance tools
 - User-friendly mental and developmental health screening and referral forms
 - Ongoing education and support for medical office staff on healthy development and use of screening and referral tools
 - Specialty trained care coordinators identify and address a wide range of children's and families' needs
 - Relationships with community resources that provide early intervention; and timely notification of outcomes to the referring physician offices
 - Evaluation: Families identified through the program have a range of unmet needs: each physician referral results in an average of three to five follow-up referrals for services.

CAVEAT

 Detection without referral/intervention is ineffective and may be judged unethical
 (Perrin E. Ethical questions about screening. *J Dev Behav Pediatr* 1998;19:350-352)





Help Me Grow System

Centralized Telephone
Access Point

Child Health
Provider
Outreach

Data Collection &
Analysis

Organizing
Entity

Statewide
Expansion

Continuous
Quality
Improvement

Structural Requirements

- Parent comes to well child visit and mentions that her four year old has been kicked out of three child care centers in a year.
- Mother shares that her child is soiling and mentions her husband "yells a lot"
- Parent of a child on the autism spectrum can't find a support group
- Child health provider wants support for a two year old who is not eligible for early intervention





Educating Practices in the Community (EPIC)

Include clinical and office staff

- Bring lunch or breakfast
- Include resources that immediately help practices
- Presentations by outreach staff and physician peers

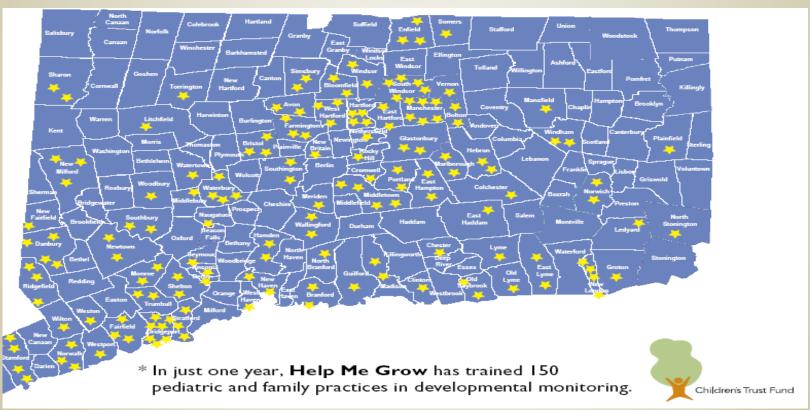


Key Points

- Developmental surveillance at every visit
- Screening at 9, 18, and 24 months with reimbursement
- Connect children to services with *Help Me Grow*: A free resource that will *save you time*



Practices that received Help Me Grow Training





Referrals doubled with Help Me Grow

Practices before or without HMG training	Following HMG training
9% Referral Rate	18% Referral Rate

- Increased identification of developmental and behavioral concerns
- Increased referral rate to Child Development Infoline
 - Older children
 - behavioral concerns



Cost Benefits of "De-medicalizing" Childhood Development and Behavioral Concerns

- Policy Brief presented at Help Me Grow National Forum
- Children presenting behavioral or developmental concerns are too frequently and inappropriately referred to specialists
- Help Me Grow system creates a cost effective alternative to unnecessary time-consuming and expensive medical specialty referrals







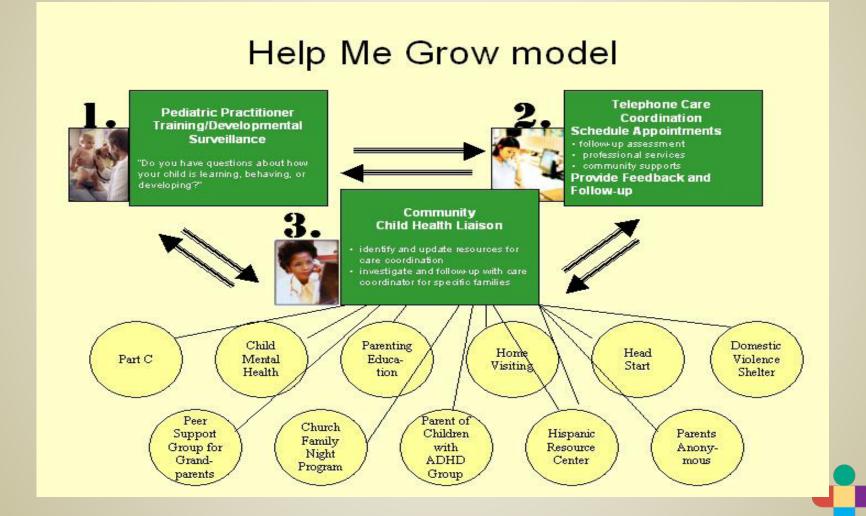
Child Development Infoline, a specialized call center of United Way 2-1-1, helps families with children who are at risk for or experiencing developmental delays or behavioral health issues find appropriate services.

Care Coordinators provide:

- Assessment of needs & referrals to services
- Education on development, behavior management and programs
- Ongoing developmental monitoring
- Advocacy and follow up

Child Development Infoline

Link to Community Resources



Connecticut
Children's

Connecticut's Child Development Infoline

The Gateway to Help and Referrals for Parents Providers Pediatric Professionals

1-800-505-7000

Connecticut Birth to Three System

For children birth-36 months of age with developmental delays or disabilities.

- Free Developmental Evaluation
- Service Coordination

routines and activities

- Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP)
- Focus on assisting families through natural
- Services from Early Childhood Therapists and Teachers as identified in the IFSP

Help Me Grow

For children birth through age 8 considered 'at-risk' for developmental or behavioral problems

- Connects families to community based resources
- Provides Ages and Stages child monitoring program
- Trains child health providers in developmental screening
- Facilitates regional community networking

Early Childhood Special Education

For children ages 3 through 5 who are found eligible for special education services

- Evaluation
- Services to eligible children:
 - o Individualized Education Program (IEP)
 - o Special education and related services

Children and Youth with Special **Health Care Needs**

For children and youth birth to age 21 with chronic physical. developmental, behavioral, or emotional conditions who require more health and related services than other children the same age.

- Service Needs Assessment
- Care Coordination
- Benefits Coordination
- Family/Caregiver Support
- Respite Planning
 Links to medical home initiative
- Referrals to community based resources
- Transition Planning







COMMUNITY OUTREACH Activities

- Maintenance of the resource inventory
 - Community-based networking
 - Listserv
 - Share information
 - Identify specific resources
- Trainings
 - Parents
 - Early Care and Education
 - Child Health (EPIC)





HMG National supports affiliate states by:

- Promoting development and expansion of a national network of states that are building HMG systems
- Providing technical assistance to help states implement *HMG*'s core components and structural requirements
- Informing the public discourse on the crucial importance of optimal child development
- Providing tools for implementation

Affiliate States as of 2012

Alabama

California

Colorado

Connecticut

Delaware

Florida

Iowa

Kentucky

Louisiana

Massachusetts

New Jersey

New York

Oregon

South Carolina

Utah

Washington



LESSONS LEARNED

Key Strategies to Link Services

- Convene diverse constituencies early in planning process
- Achieve consensus on assumptions and key components of initiative
- Build components to facilitate linkage function
 - Centralized point of access to programs/services
 - Provide venue for cross-sector communication and collaboration
 - Community-based care coordination and maintenance of resource inventory
- Blend funding streams/administrative activities to promote efficacy and cost effectiveness/economies of scale
- Create and embed a common vision to inform program development, public policy, and resource allocation

